

Detailed One-Day Agenda

Module One: Core Competencies for the CARE Team

(suggested 8-9:30am; 8:30-10am; 9-10:30am)

Multiple teams: How do we choose?

- Retention
- BIT, CARE, Student of Concern
- Threat Assessment
- Faculty and Staff
- Satellite campuses and multiple colleges

What's the best name for our team?

- Dangers of overly law enforcement or technical names
- Choosing a name that fits your community vibe
- Assessing what currently works

How often should we meet?

- The weekly or bi-weekly module; problems with monthly and "as needed"
- Threat team pitfalls to avoid

Who is best to lead the team?

- The importance of a static leader rather than rotating
- Dual chair models; leadership qualities for the team chair

How should we document what we do?

- Importance of documentation; avoiding medical diagnoses and police codes
- Finding the Goldilocks principle for notes
- Database systems
 - Common systems
 - What to look for in a database and what to avoid

Who is on the team? Using the collaborative 5/7 model

- Primary Five:
 - 1. Counseling/case management
 - 2. Conduct/discipline
 - 3. Law enforcement/security
 - 4. Administrative leadership (dean, VPSA, manager, principal)
 - 5. Residential life (if a residential campus)
 - ***Human resources (if addressing employee issues)
- Secondary Seven:
 - 1. Title IX and/or sexual assault prevention
 - 2. Career and/or academic counseling
 - 3. ADA/504 and/or special education
 - 4. Sorority and Fraternity representative
 - 5. Athletics
 - 6. Retention services
 - 7. Faculty representative



Module Two: Initial Risk Assessment and Case Studies

(suggested 10:00-11:30am; 10:30-12:00am; 10:30-12:30pm)

How do we assess suicide?

- Common models of assessment
- Understanding signs, symptoms and risk factors for suicide
- Environmental and situational factors that escalate suicide risk
- Support and protective factors that reduce risk

What motivates violence to others?

- Understanding affective and adrenaline driven violence
- Understanding targeted, mission-oriented and predatory violence
- Pathway to violence
- Risk and anchor factors

Using a model to assess risk

- NABITA Model
- Cornell Model
 - Introducing the Pathway Intervention approach
 - Pathway One (low concern), Two (moderate concern), and Three (high concern)
- Areas of concern:
 - Suicide
 - Self-harm
 - Alcohol and substance abuse
 - Eating disorders, psychosis
 - Transient threats
 - Substantive threats
 - Affective violence
 - Stalking
 - ASD/Aspergers
 - Hardened political or religious views

Case study introduction

- · Chronic suicidal behaviors and threats
- Relationship break-up with stalking
- Political or religious beliefs with violence justification
- Incel social media threat
- Depression with self-harm



Module Three: Meeting Logistics, Process and Flow

(suggested 12:30-2:00pm; 1:00-2:30pm; 1:30-3:00pm)

Applying the Pathway Intervention approach to the cases

- Chronic suicidal behaviors and threats
- Relationship break-up with stalking
- Political or religious beliefs with violence justification
- Incel social media threat
- Depression with self-harm

Example of how cases are shared with team

- Informal conversation
- Email or office stop-by
- · Formal report via web
- Managing anonymous reports
- Sharing back with the reporting party and FERPA

Meeting logistics, process and flow

- · How cases are introduced
- · Gathering additional information from other sources
- Rating of risk level
- Discussion by team; bias mitigation

Meeting logistics, process and flow

- · Review of interventions based on risk level
- Development of action plan to address risk
- · Assignment of follow-up plan

Documentation Examples

- · Review sample documentation for each case
- Discuss how and when to create follow-up notes
- FERPA conversation
- Discussion of how information leaves team to individual departments



Module Four: Growing and Maturing the Team

(suggested 2:30-4:00pm; 3:00-4:30pm; 3:30-5:00pm)

Discussion of next steps

- Define key stakeholder groups to obtain buy-in
- Identify obstacles to plan
- Find those who would have conversations

Training schedule

- · Establishing why training is essential for team
- Sample training schedule
- Diversity in training to cover:
 - General mental health
 - · Depression and suicide
 - · Tabletop case discussions
 - Threat terms and concepts
 - ADA/Disability discussion
 - Bias mitigation, equality and inclusion

Marketing the team to the community

- Reasoning for advertising and marketing
- Audience and third-party
- Creating a face sheet
- Brochure
- Website
- Videos

End of the year reports

- · Importance of report writing
- Outline of report areas
 - Team members
 - Training summary
 - Budget
 - Location of referrals
 - Types of referrals
 - · Summary of cases
 - Directions for next year



Thematic One-sheet Documents and Directions (TODD)

You have a lot to do in your daily job, let TODD lend you a hand when it comes to key CARE and threat team processes. TODD is there to answer specific questions and address issues such as:

- Multiple teams: how do we choose?
- What's the best name for our team?
- How often should we meet?
- Who is best to lead the team?
- How should we document what we do?
- Who is on the team? Using the collaborative 5/7 model.
- Understanding suicide risk
- Understanding affective violence risk
- Understanding targeted, mission-oriented and predatory violence risk
- Using a three-tiered assessment of risk

